



In 1932 three young Polish mathematicians and cryptologists changed the course of history. Marian Rejewski together with Jerzy Różycki and Henryk Zygalski decrypted the code of Enigma – the machine used by Nazi Germany before and during the Second World War for encryption and decryption of secret information.

After 80 years their work was recognized by the Association of the US Army Military Intelligence Corps Association, which distinguished Marian Rejewski postmortem with the Knowlton Award. On 4 September the Joint Force Training Centre hosted the official ceremony of presenting the Award to Marian Rejewski's daughter, Janina Sylwestrzak.

*“Your father’s new and innovative methods in deciphering the Nazi Enigma machines enabled Allied military intelligence to successfully break enemy communications and contributed greatly to the Allied victory ” – wrote representatives of the Allied Command Counterintelligence (ACCI), who nominated Marian Rejewski to the Knowlton Award, in the invitation letter to Mrs. Janina Sylwestrzak. Historians claim that his work shortened the cruelest war in the world’s history by two years and saved thousands of lives.*

*“It is a great pleasure for us, for the whole JFTC, that we can host an event recognizing a great man who tremendously contributed to the termination of the Second World War ” -*

